



## Drug Coverage Policy

Effective Date.....11/15/2024

Coverage Policy Number.....IP0581

Policy Title..... Izervay

## Ophthalmology – Izervay

- Izervay™ (avacincaptad pegol intravitreal injection – Iveric)

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The following Coverage Policy applies to health benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Certain Cigna Companies and/or lines of business only provide utilization review services to clients and do not make coverage determinations. References to standard benefit plan language and coverage determinations do not apply to those clients. Coverage Policies are intended to provide guidance in interpreting certain standard benefit plans administered by Cigna Companies. Please note, the terms of a customer's particular benefit plan document [Group Service Agreement, Evidence of Coverage, Certificate of Coverage, Summary Plan Description (SPD) or similar plan document] may differ significantly from the standard benefit plans upon which these Coverage Policies are based. For example, a customer's benefit plan document may contain a specific exclusion related to a topic addressed in a Coverage Policy. In the event of a conflict, a customer's benefit plan document always supersedes the information in the Coverage Policies. In the absence of a controlling federal or state coverage mandate, benefits are ultimately determined by the terms of the applicable benefit plan document. Coverage determinations in each specific instance require consideration of 1) the terms of the applicable benefit plan document in effect on the date of service; 2) any applicable laws/regulations; 3) any relevant collateral source materials including Coverage Policies and; 4) the specific facts of the particular situation. Each coverage request should be reviewed on its own merits. Medical directors are expected to exercise clinical judgment and have discretion in making individual coverage determinations. Coverage Policies relate exclusively to the administration of health benefit plans. Coverage Policies are not recommendations for treatment and should never be used as treatment guidelines. In certain markets, delegated vendor guidelines may be used to support medical necessity and other coverage determinations.

## Cigna Healthcare Coverage Policy

### OVERVIEW

Izervay, a complement C5 inhibitor, is indicated for the treatment of **geographic atrophy (GA) secondary to age-related macular degeneration (AMD)**.<sup>1</sup>

Izervay is given by intravitreal injection to each affected eye once monthly (approximately 28 ± 7 days) for up to 12 months.<sup>1</sup> In the Izervay clinical studies, patients had GA secondary to AMD with a best-corrected visual acuity (BCVA) between 20/25 and 20/320.<sup>2,3</sup>

### Disease Overview

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AMD, a chronic, multifactorial, progressive central retinal disease, is the leading cause of irreversible blindness in the elderly population.<sup>4,5</sup> There are two types of AMD: exudative or neovascular ("wet") and nonexudative or ("dry"). GA, a chronic progressive degeneration of the macula, is an advanced stage of dry AMD.<sup>5,6</sup> GA is characterized by localized atrophy of the outer retinal tissue and irreversible loss of photoreceptors, retinal pigment epithelium, and choriocapillaris.<sup>5-7</sup> Initially, the GA lesions appear in the perifoveal macula but over time, the lesions often expand and coalesce to include the fovea.<sup>7,8</sup> Area of the lesions is associated with a corresponding loss of visual function.<sup>8</sup>

## Medical Necessity Criteria

**Izervay is considered medically necessary when the following are met:**

### FDA-Approved Indication

**1. Geographic Atrophy.** Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (A, B, and C):

- A)** Patient has geographic atrophy secondary to age-related macular degeneration; AND
- B)** Patient has a best corrected visual acuity (BCVA) in the affected eye of between 20/25 and 20/320 letters; AND
- C)** The medication is administered by or under the supervision of an ophthalmologist.

**Dosing.** Approve if the dose meets BOTH criteria (A and B):

- A)** The dose is 2 mg (0.1 mL of 20 mg/mL solution) administered by intravitreal injection for each eye being treated; AND
- B)** The dosing interval is not more frequent than once every 21 days for each eye being treated.

Note: The dosing interval is once monthly (approximately every 28 ± 7 days).

When coverage is available and medically necessary, the dosage, frequency, duration of therapy, and site of care should be reasonable, clinically appropriate, and supported by evidence-based literature and adjusted based upon severity, alternative available treatments, and previous response to therapy.

Receipt of sample product does not satisfy any criteria requirements for coverage.

## Conditions Not Covered

Any other use is considered experimental, investigational, or unproven (criteria will be updated as new published data are available).

## Coding Information

- 1) This list of codes may not be all-inclusive.
- 2) Deleted codes and codes which are not effective at the time the service is rendered may not be eligible for reimbursement.

**Considered Medically Necessary when criteria in the applicable policy statements listed above are met:**

HCPCS Codes	Description
J2782	Injection, avacincaptad pegol, 0.1 mg

## References

1. Izervay™ intravitreal injection [prescribing information]. Parsippany, NJ: Iveric; February 2024.
2. Jaffe GJ, Westby K, Csaky KG, et al. C5 inhibitor avacincaptad pegol for geographic atrophy due to age-related macular degeneration: a randomized pivotal Phase 2/3 trial. *Ophthalmology*. 2021;128:576-586.
3. Data on file. Izervay – GATHER2 study. Iveric; received on August 7, 2023.
4. Rein DB, Wittenborn JS, Burke-Conte Z, et al. Prevalence of age-related macular degeneration in the US in 2019. *JAMA Ophthalmol*. 2022;140:1202-1208.
5. Nabbioso M, Lambiase A, Cerini A, et al. Therapeutic approaches with intravitreal injections in geographic atrophy secondary to age-related macular degeneration: current drugs and potential molecules. *Int J Molec Sciences*. 2019;20(7):1693.
6. Shae YS, Krogh Nielsen M, Do DV, et al. Geographic atrophy. Available at: [https://eyewiki.aao.org/Geographic\\_Atrophy#:~:text=Geographic%20atrophy%20\(GA\)%20is%20a,retinal%20pigment%20epithelium%20and%20choriocapillaris](https://eyewiki.aao.org/Geographic_Atrophy#:~:text=Geographic%20atrophy%20(GA)%20is%20a,retinal%20pigment%20epithelium%20and%20choriocapillaris). Accessed on March 4, 2024.
7. Fleckenstein M, Mitchel P, Freud KB, et al. The progression of geographic atrophy secondary to age-related macular degeneration. *Ophthalmology*. 2018;125:369-390.
8. Pfau M, Schmitz-Valckenberg S, Ribeiro R, et al. Association of complement C3 inhibitor pegcetacoplan with reduced photoreceptor degeneration beyond areas of geographic atrophy. *Sci Rep*. 2022;12:17870.

## Revision Details

Type of Revision	Summary of Changes	Date
Annual Revision	<p><b>Updated</b> policy title from "Avacincaptad Intravitreal Injection to "Ophthalmology – Izervay."</p> <p><b>Updated Coding:</b>  <b>Removed</b> C9399, J3490, J3590  <b>Added</b> J2782 (effective 4/1/2024)</p>	11/15/2024

The policy effective date is in force until updated or retired.

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