

PRIOR AUTHORIZATION POLICY

POLICY: Inflammatory Conditions – Litfulo Prior Authorization Policy Litfulo™ (ritlecitinib capsules – Pfizer)

REVIEW DATE: 07/17/2024; selected revision 08/21/2024, 09/11/2024

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

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CIGNA NATIONAL FORMULARY COVERAGE:

OVERVIEW

Litfulo, a kinase inhibitor, is indicated for the treatment of **severe alopecia areata** in patients \geq 12 years of age.¹ It inhibits the janus kinase 3 (JAK) and tyrosine kinase expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma (TEC) pathways.

Guidelines

Although specific drugs are not mentioned, JAK inhibitors (JAKis) as a therapeutic class are addressed in an international expert opinion on treatments for alopecia areata (2020).² JAKis are identified among the therapies for treatment of extensive hair loss. First-line treatments for adults include high- or super-high potency topical corticosteroids and/or systemic corticosteroids. Steroid-sparing therapies to mitigate the risk associated with prolonged use of corticosteroids include cyclosporine, methotrexate, azathioprine, and JAKis. Based on expert opinion, JAKis are considered the ideal option amongst systemic, steroid-sparing agents.

POLICY STATEMENT

Prior Authorization is recommended for prescription benefit coverage of Litfulo. All approvals are provided for the duration noted below. In cases where the approval is authorized in months, 1 month is equal to 30 days. Because of the specialized skills Page 1 of 6 - Cigna National Formulary Coverage - Policy:Inflammatory Conditions – Litfulo Prior Authorization Policy

required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with Litfulo as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires Litfulo to be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated.

• Litfulo[™] (ritlecitinib capsules – Pfizer)

is(are) covered as medically necessary when the following criteria is(are) met for FDA-approved indication(s) or other uses with supportive evidence (if applicable):

FDA-Approved Indication

1. Alopecia Areata. Approve for the duration noted if the patient meets ONE of the following (A <u>or</u> B):

Note: Alopecia universalis and alopecia totalis are subtypes of alopecia areata.

- **A)** <u>Initial Therapy</u>. Approve for 6 months if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, iv, <u>and</u> v):
 - i. Patient is \geq 12 years of age; AND
 - ii. Patient has a current episode of alopecia areata lasting for \geq 6 months; AND
 - **iii.** Patient has \geq 50% scalp hair loss; AND
 - iv. Patient has tried at least ONE of the following for alopecia areata (a or b):
 - a) Conventional systemic therapy; OR

<u>Note</u>: Examples of conventional systemic therapies include corticosteroids, methotrexate, and cyclosporine. An exception to the requirement for a trial of one conventional systemic agent can be made if the patient has already tried Leqselvi (deuruxolitinib tablets) or Olumiant (baricitinib tablets).

- **b)** High- or super-high potency topical corticosteroid; AND
- **v.** The medication is prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist.
- **B)** <u>Patient is Currently Receiving Litfulo</u>. Approve for 1 year if the patient meets ALL of the following (i, ii, iii, and iv):
 - i. Patient is ≥ 12 years of age; AND
 - Patient has been established on Litfulo for at least 6 months; AND
 <u>Note</u>: A patient who has received < 6 months of therapy or who is restarting therapy with the requested drug is reviewed under criterion A (Initial Therapy).
 - **iii.** Patient experienced a beneficial clinical response, defined as improvement from baseline (prior to initiating Litfulo) in extent and density of scalp hair loss; AND
 - **iv.** According to the prescriber, the patient continues to require systemic therapy for treatment of alopecia areata.

<u>Note</u>: International consensus states that systemic treatment is best discontinued once complete regrowth has been achieved and maintained for 6 months or when regrowth is sufficient to be managed topically.

CONDITIONS NOT COVERED

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is(are) considered experimental, investigational or unproven for ANY other use(s) including the following (this list may not be all inclusive; criteria will be updated as new published data are available):

- 1. Concurrent Use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug. This medication should not be administered in combination with another biologic or with a targeted synthetic oral small molecule drug used for an inflammatory condition (see <u>Appendix</u> for examples). Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potentially higher rate of adverse events and lack of controlled clinical data supporting additive efficacy.
- **2. Concurrent Use with a Topical Janus Kinase Inhibitor (JAKi).**¹ Litfulo should not be administered in combination with a topical JAKi. Combination therapy is generally not recommended due to a potential for a higher rate of adverse effects and lack of evidence for additive efficacy. Note: Examples include Opzelura (ruxolitinib cream).
- 3. Concurrent Use with a Biologic Immunomodulator. Litfulo is not recommended in combination with biologic immunomodulators.¹
 <u>Note</u>: Examples include Adbry (tralokinumab-ldrm subcutaneous injection), Cinqair (reslizumab intravenous), Dupixent (dupilumab subcutaneous injection), Fasenra (benralizumab subcutaneous injection), Nucala (mepolizumab subcutaneous injection), Tezspire (tezepelumab-ekko subcutaneous injection), and Xolair (omalizumab subcutaneous injection).
- **4. Concurrent Use with Other Potent Immunosuppressants** (e.g., cyclosporine, azathioprine).¹ Co-administration with other potent immunosuppressive drugs has the risk of added immunosuppression and has not been evaluated.

REFERENCES

- 1. Litfulo[®] capsules [prescribing information]. New York, NY: Pfizer; June 2023.
- 2. Meah N, Wall D, York K, et al. The Alopecia Areata Consensus of Experts (ACE) study: Results of an international expert opinion on treatments for alopecia areata. *J Am Acad Dermatol*. 2020;83:123-30.

Type of	Summary of Changes	Review
Revision		Date
New Policy		07/05/2023
Selected Revision	Alopecia Areata : Listed alopecia universalis and alopecia totalis as subtypes of alopecia areata. Updated criteria for trial of systemic therapy to more specifically state conventional systemic therapy while allowing an exception if the patient has already tried Olumiant.	07/26/2023

HISTORY

Annual Revision	No criteria changes.	07/17/2024
Selected Revision	Alopecia Areata: Updated the exception to the requirement of a trial of one conventional systemic agent to include a previous trial of Leqselvi. Previously, only Olumiant was listed in the exception. Additionally, for the option previous trial of a topical corticosteroid, specified trial to consist of a high- or super-high potency topical corticosteroid.	08/21/2024
Selected Revision	Conditions Not Covered: Concurrent use with a Biologic or with a Targeted Synthetic Oral Small Molecule Drug was added. Additionally, Concomitant Use with an Oral or Topical JAK Inhibitor was changed to "Concomitant Use with a Topical JAK Inhibitor."	09/11/2024

Appendix

	Mechanism of Action	Examples of Indications*
Biologics		
Adalimumab SC Products (Humira [®] , biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Cimzia [®] (certolizumab pegol SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA, RA
Etanercept SC Products (Enbrel [®] , biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, JIA, PsO, PsA, RA
Infliximab IV Products (Remicade [®] , biosimilars)	Inhibition of TNF	AS, CD, PsO, PsA, RA, UC
Zymfentra [®] (infliximab-dyyb SC injection)	Inhibition of TNF	CD, UC
Simponi [®] , Simponi Aria [®] (golimumab SC injection, golimumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of TNF	SC formulation: AS, PsA, RA, UC IV formulation: AS, PJIA,
Tocilizumab Products (Actemra [®] IV, biosimilar; Actemra SC, biosimilar)	Inhibition of IL-6	PsA, RA SC formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA IV formulation: PJIA, RA, SJIA
Kevzara [®] (sarilumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-6	RA
Orencia [®] (abatacept IV infusion,	T-cell costimulation	SC formulation: JIA, PSA, RA
abatacept SC injection)	modulator	IV formulation: JIA, PSA, RA
Rituximab IV Products (Rituxan [®] , biosimilars)	CD20-directed cytolytic antibody	RA
Kineret [®] (anakinra SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-1	JIA^, RA
Omvoh [®] (mirikizumab IV infusion, SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	UC
Stelara [®] (ustekinumab SC injection, ustekinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-12/23	SC formulation: CD, PsO, PsA, UC
		IV formulation: CD, UC
Siliq [®] (brodalumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17	PsO
Cosentyx [®] (secukinumab SC injection; secukinumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-17A	SC formulation: AS, ERA, nr- axSpA, PsO, PsA IV formulation: AS, nr- axSpA, PsA
Taltz [®] (ixekizumab SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-17A	AS, nr-axSpA, PsO, PsA
Bimzelx [®] (bimekizumab-bkzx SC injection)	Inhibition of IL- 17A/17F	PsO
Ilumya [®] (tildrakizumab-asmn SC injection)	Inhibition of IL-23	PsO
Skyrizi [®] (risankizumab-rzaa SC injection, risankizumab-rzaa IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: CD, PSA, PsO, UC IV formulation: CD, UC
Tremfya® (guselkumab SC injection, guselkumab IV infusion)	Inhibition of IL-23	SC formulation: PsA, PsO, UC IV formulation: UC
Entyvio [®] (vedolizumab IV infusion, vedolizumab SC injection)	Integrin receptor antagonist	CD, UC
Oral Therapies/Targeted Synthetic Ora		
Otezla [®] (apremilast tablets)	Inhibition of PDE4	PsO, PsA
Cibinqo [™] (abrocitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD
Olumiant [®] (baricitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, AA
Litfulo [®] (ritlecitinib capsules)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	АА

Leqselvi [®] (deuruxolitinib tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AA
Rinvoq [®] (upadacitinib extended-release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	AD, AS, nr-axSpA, RA, PsA, UC
Rinvoq [®] LQ (upadacitinib oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	PsA, PJIA
Sotyktu [®] (deucravacitinib tablets)	Inhibition of TYK2	PsO
Xeljanz [®] (tofacitinib tablets/oral solution)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PJIA, PsA, UC
Xeljanz [®] XR (tofacitinib extended- release tablets)	Inhibition of JAK pathways	RA, PsA, UC
Zeposia [®] (ozanimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC
Velsipity [®] (etrasimod tablets)	Sphingosine 1 phosphate receptor modulator	UC

* Not an all-inclusive list of indications. Refer to the prescribing information for the respective agent for FDA-approved indications; SC – Subcutaneous; TNF – Tumor necrosis factor; AS – Ankylosing spondylitis; CD – Crohn's disease; JIA – Juvenile idiopathic arthritis; PsO – Plaque psoriasis; PsA – Psoriatic arthritis; RA – Rheumatoid arthritis; UC – Ulcerative colitis; nr-axSpA – Non-radiographic axial spondyloarthritis; IV – Intravenous, PJIA – Polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis; IL – Interleukin; SJIA – Systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis; Off-label use of Kineret in JIA supported in guidelines; ERA – Enthesitis-related arthritis; DMARD – Disease-modifying antirheumatic drug; PDE4 – Phosphodiesterase 4; JAK – Janus kinase; AD – Atopic dermatitis; AA – Alopecia areata; TYK2 – Tyrosine kinase 2.

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